

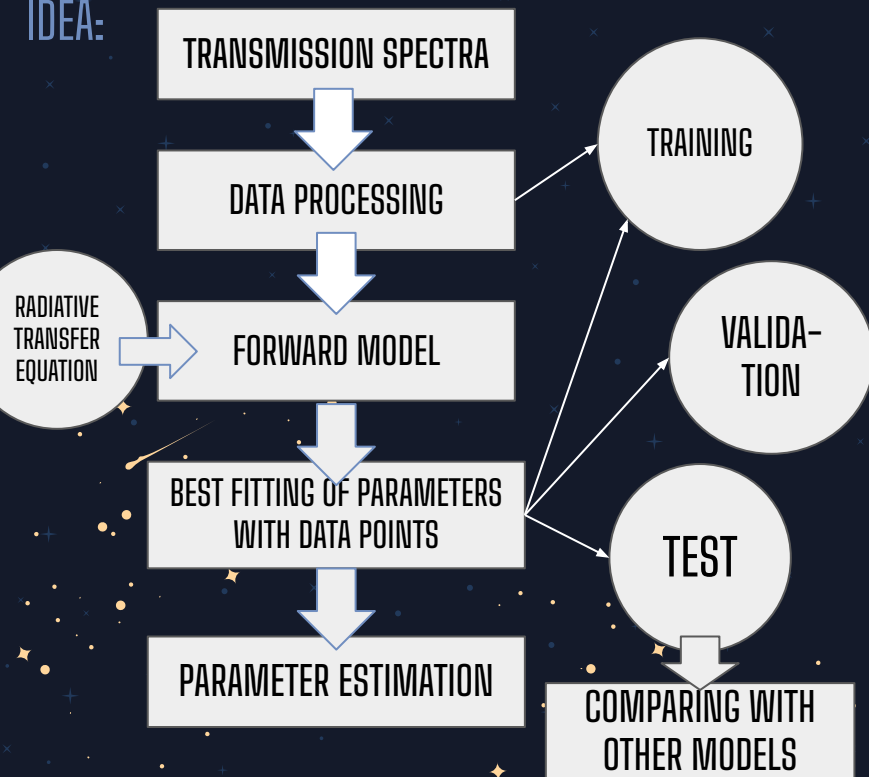
# HARNESSING MACHINE LEARNING FOR ATMOSPHERIC RETRIEVAL OF EXOPLANETS



~Unveiling stellar secrets

By Swastik and Tasneem  
Mentors: Dr. Subhankar Mishra  
Dr. Liton Majumder

IDEA:



## RELEVANT PAPERS:

1. Madhusudan, *Atmospheric Retrieval of Exoplanets* arXiv:1808.04824v1
2. Martínez, *FlopPITy: Enabling self-consistent exoplanet atmospheric retrievals with machine learning.* arXiv.org.
3. Lueber, A. , *Intercomparison of Brown Dwarf Model Grids and Atmospheric Retrieval Using Machine Learning.*
4. Hayes et al, *Optimizing exoplanet atmosphere retrieval using unsupervised machine-learning classification.* Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society.

## WORK DIVISION:

Literature Review	Swastik, Tasneem
Data pre-processing	Tasneem
Testing various algorithms (NN, k-means +NS,PCA, RF,etc)	Swastik, Tasneem
Enhancing retrieval model	Swastik, Tasneem
Coding	Swastik
Documentation	Tasneem

## DATA:

1. HST and simulated JWST - for observational spectra
2. ARCiS - synthetic forward model generator
3. ExoMol - database for molecular abundances

## BY MID WAY :

- Study the radiative transfer equation essential for modeling of parameters, and subsequent literature review (covering the baseline, work done by previous authors).
- Testing and Comparing previous Atmospheric Retrieval models (HELA, PetitRADTRANS,etc).
- Selection of optimal algorithm for fitting of parameter and Dimensional reduction algorithm for faster evaluation of likelihood.
- Initialisation of building of the model, if possible, first set of training.

## EXPECTED FINAL RESULT:

- Getting final spectral parameter values with better accuracy and/or lower computational cost, relative to previous retrieval models.