Submit problems 2, 7 and 11 by Thursday, August 24. Concepts covered: Irreducibility criteria, characteristic of a field, field extensions. Reading: Rotman section ?.

- 1. If K is a finite field of characteristic p then show that  $\phi_p : K \to K$  given by  $\phi_p(a) = a^p$  is a field automorphism. This is called the **Frobenius automorphism**. What is this automorphism for  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ ?
- 2. Problem 64, page 43 of Rotman.
- 3. Problem 65, of Rotman.
- 4. Let R be an integral domain containing a field F. If R is a finite dimensional vector space over F show that R is a field. Is this true without the finite dimensional assumption? (Artin)
- 5. (Artin) If F is a field containing exactly 8 elements what is the characteristic of F, prove your statement.
- 6. Show that any finite field has to be of order  $p^n$  for some prime integer p.
- 7. (Artin) Determine the irreducible polynomial of  $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}$  over the following fields (a)  $\mathbb{Q}$  (b)  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{5})$  (c)  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{10})$  (d)  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{15})$ .
- 8. (Artin) Let  $\alpha = \sqrt[3]{2}$  the real cube root of 2 compute the irreducible polynomial of  $1 + \alpha^2$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .
- 9. Show that  $p(x) = x^3 3x + 3$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ . Let  $a \in \mathbb{C}$  be a root of p, find the inverse of  $a^2 + a + 1$  explicitly in terms of powers of a.
- 10. (Artin) Let K/F be an algebraic extension. If  $\alpha \in K$  and  $[F(\alpha) : F] = 5$  show that  $F(\alpha) = F(\alpha^2)$ . In other words  $\alpha$  can be expressed as a linear combination of even powers of  $\alpha$ . Give an example of this situation when  $F = \mathbb{Q}$  writing down the explicit expression.
- 11. (Artin) Let a be a positive integer that is not a perfect square. Show that  $[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{a}):\mathbb{Q}] = 4$ .
- 12. (Artin) Determine whether  $i = \sqrt{-1}$  is in the fields (a)  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-2})$  (b)  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{-2})$  (c)  $\mathbb{Q}(\alpha)$  where  $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $\alpha^3 + \alpha + 1 = 0$ .